Avoiding Foreclosure after the Expiration of the Covid-19 Mortgage Forbearance

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Millions of mortgage borrowers are currently in mortgage forbearance because the COVID-19 crisis has impacted their ability to make mortgage payments. But those forbearances will come to an end—possibly the spring or summer of 2021. This tip sheet summarizes options available for borrowers.

Forbearance
when the mortgage servicer or lender allows the borrower to temporarily stop making payments on the loan

Important note about a forbearance: it does not make the payments go away; the borrower must still make the payments sooner or later unless other steps are taken.

Federally Backed Loans: How to Identify Them

• Loans guaranteed by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac
  » Look it up: Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac
  » Requires borrower name, property address, and last 4 numbers of borrower’s SSN
• Loans insured or guaranteed by FHA/USDA/VA/HUD
  » FHA loans: It will say on the loan and closing documents; statement may show MIP charge; or call HUD’s National Servicing Center at 877-622-8525
  » VA loans: It will say on the loan and closing documents, borrower will usually be a veteran
  » USDA loans: It will usually say on the loan or closing disclosures; there may also be a guarantee attached to the note and the property will be in a rural area.
  » HUD Section 184/184A loans: It will usually say on the loan or closing disclosures and there may also be a guarantee attached to the note; borrower will be a currently enrolled member of a Federally Recognized Tribe

Background on COVID-19 Protections

Protection for federally backed loans

• The CARES Act requires federally backed loans to provide forbearance of mortgage payments for up to 12 months for borrowers experiencing a financial hardship due, directly or indirectly, to the COVID–19.²

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¹ Fannie: knowyouroptions.com/loanlookup; Freddie: loanlookup.freddiemac.com/.
² For more background and links to lender letters, see library.nclc.org/mortgage-relief-homeowners-affected-covid-19
• The agencies that guarantee or insure federally backed loans have implemented a moratorium on foreclosures until June 30, 2021. That means servicers cannot start a foreclosure until then.

Protection for non-federally backed loans

• Some lenders/servicers have voluntarily given forbearances for loans that are not federally backed ("private loans").
• Some states such as MA, MD, NY, OR, & DC have mandated certain forbearance and post-forbearance programs.

What Happens When The Forbearance Ends?

Borrowers with federally backed loans will NOT be required to repay the missed payments all at once when the forbearance ends.

Post-forbearance options for Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac loans

• **Repayment plan:** resume regular payments plus extra to gradually pay off the missed payments.

• **COVID-19 payment deferral:** the payments missed during forbearance are placed in a no-interest balance, which only becomes due when the first mortgage is paid off or the house is sold.
  » This is for people who can afford the pre-forbearance monthly payment but not more.

• **Flex modification:** the servicer can add missed payments to the loan balance, reduce the interest rate, extend the repayment term of the loan, or defer part or all of the missed payments to reduce the pre-forbearance payment by 20%.
  » This is for people who can no longer afford their pre-forbearance payment.

• **Graceful exit:** if the borrower cannot afford a modified payment, they can ask for a short sale or deed-in-lieu of foreclosure and negotiate time to move out.

Post-forbearance options for owner-occupied FHA loans

• **Repayment plan:** resume regular payments plus extra to gradually payoff the missed payments.

• **COVID-19 standalone partial claim:** similar to Fannie/Freddie payment deferral option but the deferred balance becomes a recorded lien on the property.

• **COVID-19 loan modification:** similar to Fannie/Freddie flex modification option.

• **COVID-19 combination partial claim and loan modification**

• **COVID-19 FHA home affordable modification program (FHA-HAMP):** requires borrower to provide pay stubs and bank statements for an evaluation based on income to reach an affordable payment.

Post-forbearance options for VA loans

• **Repayment plan:** resume regular payments plus extra to gradually payoff the missed payments.

• **Loan modifications:** traditional, streamlined, “VA Affordable Modification” (31% Debt-To-Income target), disaster modifications (with extend feature).

• **Graceful exit:** compromise (short) sale, deed-in-lieu of foreclosure.

• **Other options:** refinance, refunding (VA takes over loan), special forbearance.
Post-forbearance options for USDA loans

Guaranteed loans:

- No specific relief for COVID-19 hardships but lender must communicate with borrower about the following:
  - **Repayment plan**: (same as above).
  - **Extend the loan term** for a period that is at least the length of the forbearance.
  - **Other options**: borrowers who cannot afford post-forbearance payments should be reviewed for standard USDA guaranteed loan loss mitigation options.

Direct loans:

- No specific relief for COVID-19 hardships.
- Problem: standard post-forbearance options do not allow for an interest rate reduction or loan term extension.
- Can apply for an additional 12 months of forbearance under “moratorium”.

Post-forbearance options for Section 184/184A:

Indian Home Loan Guarantee Program loans

- **COVID-19 loss mitigation advance**: similar to a partial claim, impact on borrower is the same as partial claim.
- **Other options**: all existing loss mitigation options for the Section 184 and 184A programs.
- HUD will issue further guidance in the near future.

Port-forbearance options for private loans

- Check for any state-specific requirements and ask their servicer what their options are. A HUD-certified housing counselor\(^3\) may be able to help. The servicer of a private loan is allowed to demand full repayment after the forbearance ends.

For all loans

To find out what type of loan a client has and to ask what options are available, send the servicer a “Request for Information” (RFI).\(^4\)

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3 [consumerfinance.gov/find-a-housing-counselor/](https://consumerfinance.gov/find-a-housing-counselor/)
Additional Resources

- NCLC COVID-19 & Consumer Protections
  » Mortgage Relief for Homeowners Affected By COVID-19
- NCLER Consumer Protection Trainings
- Consumer Financial Protection Bureau: Find a Housing Counselor
- Fannie Mae Loan Look-Up Tool
- Freddie Mac Loan Look-Up Tool

Case consultation assistance is available for attorneys and professionals seeking more information to help older adults. Contact NCLER at ConsultNCLER@acl.hhs.gov.

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